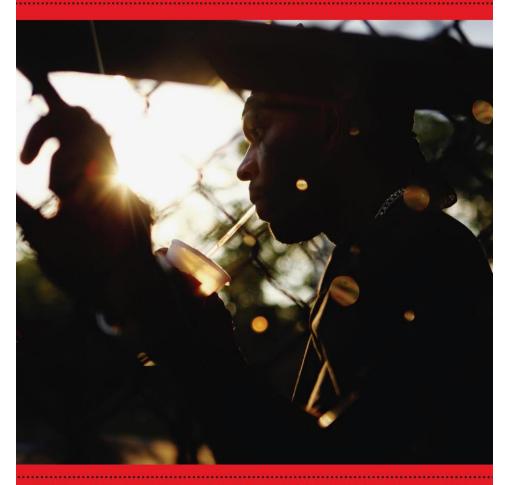
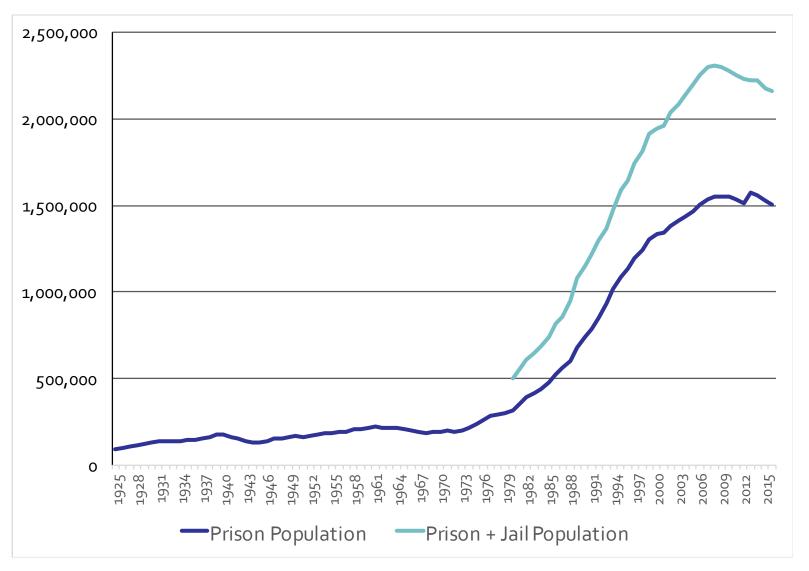
CHARGED

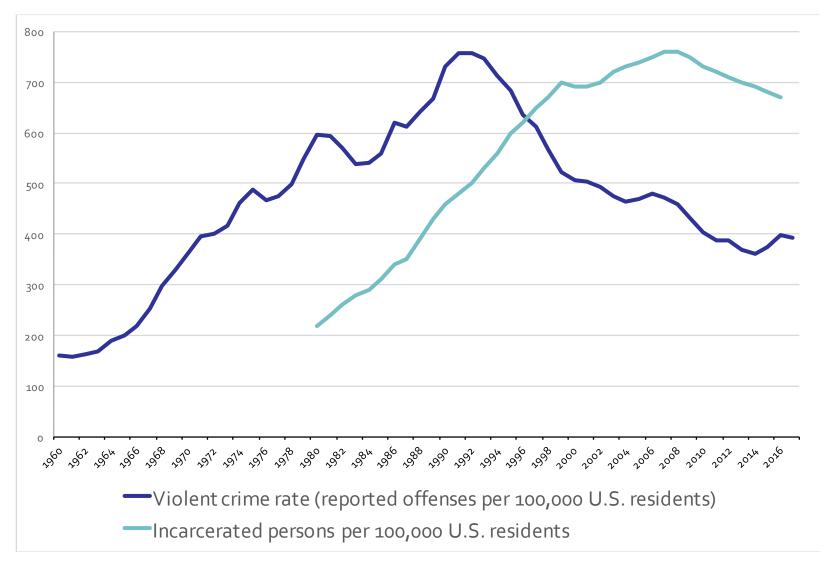


THE NEW MOVEMENT TO TRANSFORM AMERICAN
PROSECUTION AND END MASS INCARCERATION
EMILY BAZELON

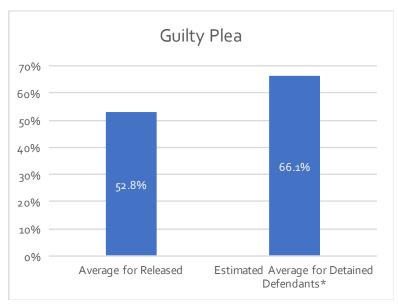
U.S. Prison Population: 1925–2016

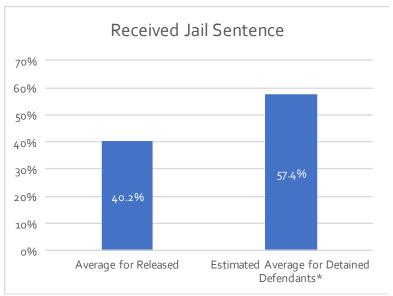


Crime and Incarceration Rates



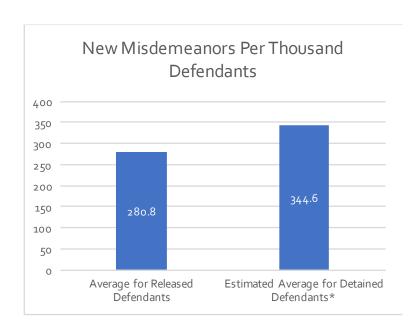
Jail Before Trial -> Guilty Pleas

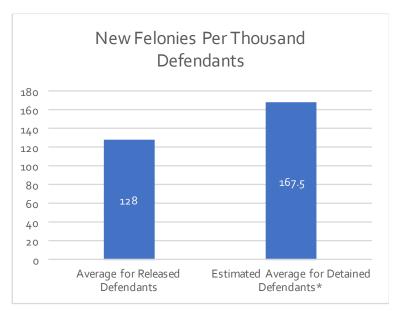




^{*}Average for detained defendants represents the estimated effect of detention after controlling for offense type, wealth, criminal history, and bail amount. – Quattrone Center study of Harris County, TX

Jail → More Crimes





20% more likely to commit a new misdemeanor 30% more likely to commit a new felony If 40,000 people who couldn't make \$500 bail had been released, the state could have prevented 4,000 new crimes.

*Average for detained defendants represents the estimated effect of detention after controlling for offense type, wealth, criminal history, and bail amount. – Quattrone Center study of Harris County, TX

Who Is a Criminal?

WHAT HAPPENS WHEN YOU CAN'T PAY...

1st offense

Repeat offenses



THE **\$15** TOLL

\$0 (just mail in your payment)

Registration suspended until total due is paid





THE \$3.50 PARKING METER

\$65

Car booted or towed unless total due is paid



THE \$2.75 SUBWAY FARE

\$100

ARRESTED,
A CRIMINAL RECORD,
& POSSIBLE JAIL TIME

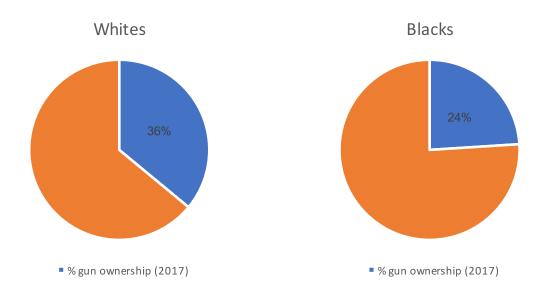
Is this fair? Low-income New Yorkers need a break on the MTA.

NYC needs #FairFares

Who Is a Criminal?

WEAPONS ARRESTS PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

32.2 Mhite



Mental Illness and Incarceration

37% of people in state and federal prisons have been diagnosed with a mental illness

44% of people in locally-run jails have been diagnosed with a mental illness

Mental Illness and Incarceration

66% of people in federal prisons reported not receiving any mental health care while incarcerated

27% of people jailed 3+ times within a year who reported having a moderate or serious mental illness

Mental Illness and Incarceration

25% of people experience "serious psychological distress" in jails

In Connecticut, **21%** of people in prison have a serious mental illness.

"Each new community non-profit accounted for a drop of about 1% in a city's murder rate."

— Patrick Sharkey, NYU sociologist



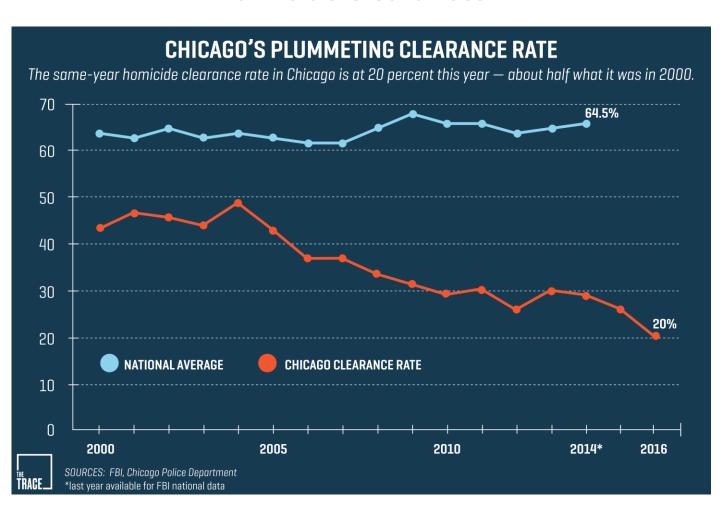
Policing and Mental Health

27% of police shootings in 2015 involved a mental health crisis

How many 911 calls could be handled by community responders instead of the police? Estimates range from about 20% in Detroit to 38% in Seattle and Portland.

The Solve Rate

Homicide Clearances



"The power of prosecutors is the missing piece for explaining how the number of people incarcerated in the U.S. has QUINTUPLED since the 1980s, to a total of almost 2.2 million."

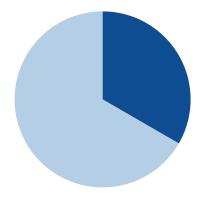


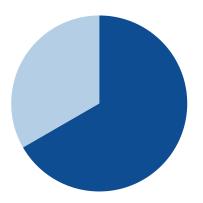


Charging

20 years ago, district attorneys brought felony charges against one out of three people who got arrested.

Now the figure for felony arrests is **two out of every three people** who are arrested.





-- John Pfaff, Fordham Law School

Ratcheting Up Punishment

By 1994, every state in the country enacted at least one mandatory minimum sentence.

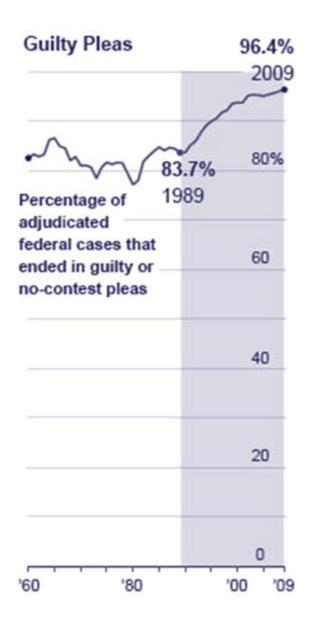
Criminal codes expanded, allowing prosecutors to stack multiple charges for a single offense.

The Vanishing Trial

In the 1970s, about one in 12 people accused of a felony went to trial in state courts.

Today, only one in 40 people facing felony charges go to trial.

More than 95% of criminal convictions are obtained through guilty pleas.



"We, the people, elect state prosecutors, and that means their power is our power."



The Power of Cities

"If progressives succeeded in taking over just 125 DA offices across the country, they could change how prosecution works for about HALF the country's population."

—Carissa Hessick & Michael Morse, UNC's Prosecutors and Politics Project



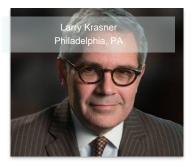
The New D.A.s









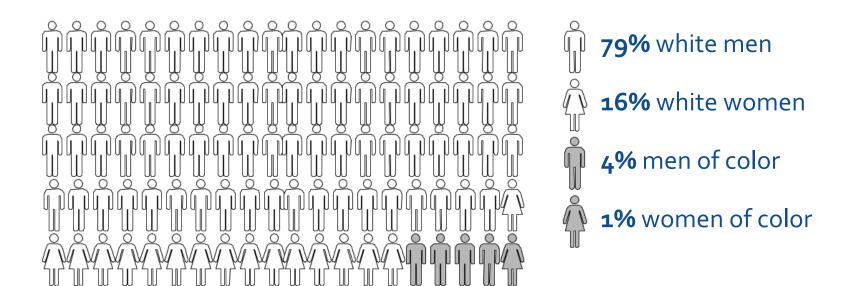








Prosecutors by Race and Gender



Political Party and Race of the DA

Elect a Republican district attorney \rightarrow prison admissions rise ~ 20% over next 2 years.

Elect a non-white district attorney \rightarrow prison admissions fall ~ 10% over same period.

No significant effects on crime or arrest rates.

Crime and Incarceration Rates

